

JONATHAN WESTFALL,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	Case No.: 2:19-cv-02093-GMN-DJA
vs.)	
)	ORDER
USAA SAVINGS BANK,)	
)	
Defendant.)	
)	

I. BACKGROUND

II. LEGAL STANDARD

A written provision in . . . a contract evidencing a transaction involving commerce to settle by arbitration a controversy thereafter arising out of such contract or transaction . . . shall be valid, irrevocable, and enforceable, save upon such grounds as exist at law or in equity for the revocation of any contract.

1 9 U.S.C. § 2. “In enacting § 2 of the federal Act, Congress declared a national policy favoring
2 arbitration and withdrew the power of the states to require a judicial forum for the resolution of
3 claims which the contracting parties agreed to resolve by arbitration.” *Southland Corp. v.*
4 *Keating*, 465 U.S. 1, 10 (1984).

5 Under the FAA, parties to an arbitration agreement may seek an order from the Court to
6 compel arbitration. 9 U.S.C. § 4. The FAA “leaves no place for the exercise of discretion by a
7 district court, but instead mandates that district courts *shall* direct the parties to proceed to
8 arbitration on issues as to which an arbitration agreement has been signed.” *Dean Witter*
9 *Reynolds Inc. v. Byrd*, 470 U.S. 213, 218 (1985) (emphasis original). Thus, the Court’s role is
10 limited to, “determining (1) whether a valid agreement to arbitrate exists and, if it does, (2)
11 whether the agreement encompasses the dispute at issue.” *Lee v. Intelius, Inc.*, 737 F.3d 1254,
12 1261 (9th Cir. 2013) (quoting *Chiron Corp. v. Ortho Diagnostic Sys., Inc.*, 207 F.3d 1126, 1130
13 (9th Cir. 2000) (internal quotations omitted)). The moving party must establish the existence of
14 the arbitration agreement by a preponderance of evidence. *See Norcia v. Samsung Telcoms.*
15 *Am., LLC*, 845 F.3d 1270, 1283 (9th Cir. 2017).

16 **III. DISCUSSION**

17 **A. Motion to Compel Arbitration**

18 Defendant argues that the dispute should be submitted to arbitration. (*See* Mot. Compel,
19 ECF No. 11). The Court concludes that the case should be submitted to arbitration because
20 Defendant has met its burden to show that the parties have a valid arbitration agreement
21 encompassing Plaintiff’s claims.

22 Defendant has demonstrated, by a preponderance of evidence, that the parties have a
23 valid, enforceable arbitration agreement. Defendant has provided the Court with a copy of the
24 agreement. (*See* Credit Card Agreement and Addendum, Exs. A–B to Mot. Compel, ECF Nos.
25 11-2–11-3). Accompanying the agreement is a sworn declaration that Plaintiff became bound

1 by the agreement's terms after conducting his first transaction with his USAA credit card.
2 (Martinez Decl. ¶¶ 3–6, Ex. C to Mot. Compel, ECF No. 11-4).

3 Likewise, Defendant has shown that Plaintiff's claims are within the scope of the
4 agreement. Plaintiff's Complaint asserts two claims against Defendant for conducting
5 collection calls in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §
6 227(b)(3)(B)–(C). (Compl. ¶¶ 23–30, ECF No. 1). The parties' arbitration agreement requires
7 the parties to submit any "Covered Claim[s]" to arbitration at the election of either party. (*See*
8 Addendum ¶ A.1, Ex. B to Mot. Compel, ECF No. 11-3). A "Covered Claim" is defined to
9 include, "any billing or collections matters relating to your Account." (*Id.* ¶ A.2(i)).
10 Accordingly, Plaintiff's claims, which challenge the legality of Defendant's collections
11 practices, are within the scope of the agreement. Thus, Plaintiff's claims must be submitted to
12 arbitration at Defendant's election.

13 **B. Motion to Dismiss**

14 Having concluded that Plaintiff's claims are within the scope of the parties' arbitration
15 agreement, the Court must now decide whether to dismiss this action. Failure to exhaust non-
16 judicial remedies, such as the failure to arbitrate under an arbitration clause, is a proper, though
17 "non-enumerated," reason for granting a Rule 12(b) motion to dismiss. *See Inlandboatmens*
18 *Union of Pacific v. Dutra Group*, 279 F.3d 1075, 1078 n. 2, 1083–84 (9th Cir. 2002).
19 Therefore, because Plaintiff has failed to arbitrate its action pursuant to the parties' agreement,
20 dismissal without prejudice is appropriate.

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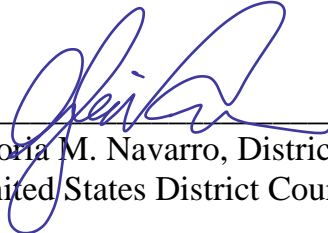
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1 **IV. CONCLUSION**

2 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, (ECF No. 8), is
3 **GRANTED.** Plaintiff's Complaint is dismissed without prejudice.

4 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Defendant's Motion to Compel Arbitration, (ECF
5 No. 11), is **GRANTED.**

6 **DATED** this 27 day of August, 2020.

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10 Gloria M. Navarro, District Judge
11 United States District Court
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